In the claims:

1	1. (Original) A method making a magnetic head assembly that has an air		
2	bearing surface (ABS) comprising the steps of:		
3	making a read head comprising the steps of:		
4	forming a read sensor;		
5	forming a hard bias structure magnetically coupled to the read sensor fo		
6	longitudinally biasing the read sensor;		
7	applying a first magnetic field to the hard bias structure for orienting magnetic spin		
8	of the hard bias structure in a first direction that is parallel to said ABS and parallel to		
9	major thin film planes of layers of the read sensor; and		
10	applying a second magnetic field to the hard bias structure in a direction that i		
11	antiparallel to said first direction.		
1	2. (Currently Amended) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed		
2	in claim 1 A method making a magnetic head assembly that has an air bearing surface (ABS)		
3	comprising the steps of:		
4	making a read head comprising the steps of:		
5	forming a read sensor;		
6	forming a hard bias structure magnetically coupled to the read sensor for		
7	longitudinally biasing the read sensor;		
8	applying a first magnetic field to the hard bias structure for orienting magnetic spins		
9	of the hard bias structure in a first direction that is parallel to said ABS and parallel to		
10	major thin film planes of layers of the read sensor;		

11	applying a second magnetic field to the hard bias structure in a direction that i		
12	antiparallel to said first direction; and		
13	further applying one more additional magnetic fields parallel to the ABS an		
14	parallel to major thin film planes of the layers of the sensor provided each addition		
15	application of a magnetic field is oriented antiparallel to a previous application of		
16	6 magnetic field.		
1	3. (Currently Amended) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed		
2	2 in claim 1 including the steps of: A method making a magnetic head assembly that has an a		
3	bearing surface (ABS) comprising the steps of:		
4	making a read head comprising the steps of:		
5	forming a read sensor;		
6	forming a hard bias structure magnetically coupled to the read sensor fo		
7	longitudinally biasing the read sensor;		
8	applying a first magnetic field to the hard bias structure for orienting magnetic spins		
9	of the hard bias structure in a first direction that is parallel to said ABS and parallel to		
10	major thin film planes of layers of the read sensor;		
11	applying a second magnetic field to the hard bias structure in a direction that is		
12	antiparallel to said first direction; and		
13	forming the magnetic head assembly as one magnetic head assembly of a plurality of		
14	magnetic head assemblies in rows and columns on a wafer;		
15	dicing the wafer into rows of magnetic head assemblies wherein one of the row of magnetic		
16	head assemblies includes said one magnetic head assembly;		

17	dicing the row of magnetic head assemblies into individual magnetic head assemblies wher			
18	one of the individual magnetic head assemblies is said one magnetic head assembly;			
19	mounting said one magnetic head assembly on a head gimbal assembly (HGA); and			
20	applying said first magnetic field to said wafer and then applying said second magnetic fiel			
21	to said HGA.			
1	4. (Original) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed in claim 3			
2	further comprising the steps of:			
3	mounting the HGA on a head stack assembly (HSA); and			
4	mounting the HSA in a magnetic disk drive.			
1	5. (Original) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed in claim 3			
2	wherein a making of the read sensor includes the steps of:			
3	forming a ferromagnetic pinned layer that has a magnetic moment;			
4	forming an antiferromagnetic pinning layer exchange coupled to the pinned layer for			
5	pinning the magnetic moment of the pinned layer perpendicular to the ABS;			
6	forming a ferromagnetic free layer that has a magnetic moment that is oriented parallel to			
7	the ABS and parallel to said major thin film planes of the sensor layers; and			
8	forming a nonmagnetic spacer layer between the free layer and the pinned layer.			
1	6. (Original) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed in claim 5			
2	further comprising the steps of:			
3	making a write head including the steps of			

4	forming ferromagnetic first and second pole piece layers in pole tip, yoke and bac		
5	gap regions wherein the yoke region is located between the pole tip and back gap region		
6	forming a nonmagnetic electrically nonconductive write gap layer between the fir		
7	and second pole piece layers in the pole tip region;		
8	forming an insulation stack with at least one coil layer embedded therein between		
9	the first and second pole piece layers in the yoke region; and		
10	connecting the first and pole piece layers at said back gap region.		
1	7. (Original) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed in claim 6		
2	wherein the step of forming said hard bias structure includes the step of forming first and secon		
3	hard bias layers adjacent first and second side surfaces of the sensor wherein the first and second		
4	side surfaces are perpendicular to the ABS.		
1	8. (Withdrawn) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed in claim		
2	1 including the steps of:		
3	forming the magnetic head assembly as one magnetic head assembly of a plurality		
4			
5			
1	9. (Withdrawn) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed in claim		
2	1 including the steps of:		

magnetic head assemblies in rows and columns on a wafer;

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forming the magnetic head assembly as one magnetic head assembly of a plurality of

5	dicing the wafer into rows of magnetic head assemblies wherein one of the row magne	
6	head assemblies includes said magnetic head assembly; and	
7	applying said first magnetic field to said wafer and applying said second magnetic field	
8	8 said one row of magnetic head assemblies.	
1	10. (Currently Amended) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed in	
2	claim 1 wherein a making of the read sensor includes the steps of:	
3	forming a ferromagnetic pinned layer that has a magnetic moment;	
4	forming an antiferromagnetic pinning layer exchange coupled to the pinned layer for	
5	pinning the magnetic moment of the pinned layer perpendicular to the ABS;	
6	forming a ferromagnetic free layer that has a magnetic moment that is oriented parallel to	
7	the ABS and parallel to said major thin film planes of the sensor layers; and	
8	forming a nonmagnetic spacer layer between the free layer and the pinned layer;	
9	[[the]] making of the a write head includes including the steps of:	
10	forming ferromagnetic first and second pole piece layers in pole tip, yoke and back	
11	gap regions wherein the yoke region is located between the pole tip and back gap regions;	
12	forming a nonmagnetic electrically nonconductive write gap layer between the first	
13	and second pole piece layers in the pole tip region;	
14	forming an insulation stack with at least one coil layer embedded therein between	
15	the first and second pole piece layers in the yoke region; and	
16	connecting the first and pole piece layers at said back gap region; and	
17	wherein the step of forming said hard bias structure includes the step of forming first and	
18	second hard bias layers adjacent first and second side surfaces of the sensor wherein the first and	
19	second side surfaces are perpendicular to the ABS.	

1	11. (Currently Amended)	A method making a magnetic head assembly a
2	claimed in claim 10 including the steps of:	
3	forming the magnetic head assemb	y as one magnetic head assembly of a plurality of

magnetic head assemblies in rows and columns on a wafer;

dicing the wafer into rows of magnetic head assemblies wherein one of the row magnetic

dicing the wafer into rows of magnetic head assemblies wherein one of the row magnetic head assemblies includes said <u>one</u> magnetic head assembly;

dicing the row of magnetic head assemblies into individual magnetic head assemblies where one of the individual magnetic head assemblies is said one magnetic head assembly;

mounting said one magnetic head assembly on a head gimbal assembly (HGA); and applying said first and second magnetic fields at any one of the wafer, row, individual or HGA level of said one magnetic head assembly or applying the first magnetic field to any one of the wafer, row, individual or HGA level of said one magnetic head assembly and the second magnetic field to any other one of the wafer, row, individual or HGA level of said one magnetic head assembly.

- 12. (Original) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed in claim 11 further comprising the steps of:
- mounting the HGA on a head stack assembly (HSA); and
 mounting the HSA in a magnetic disk drive.

13. (Original) A method making a magnetic head assembly as claimed in claim 12 further applying one more additional magnetic fields parallel to the ABS and parallel to major thin film planes of the layers of the sensor provided each additional application of a magnetic field is oriented antiparallel to a previous application of a magnetic field.